

Hydrogen: A Fuel of the Future

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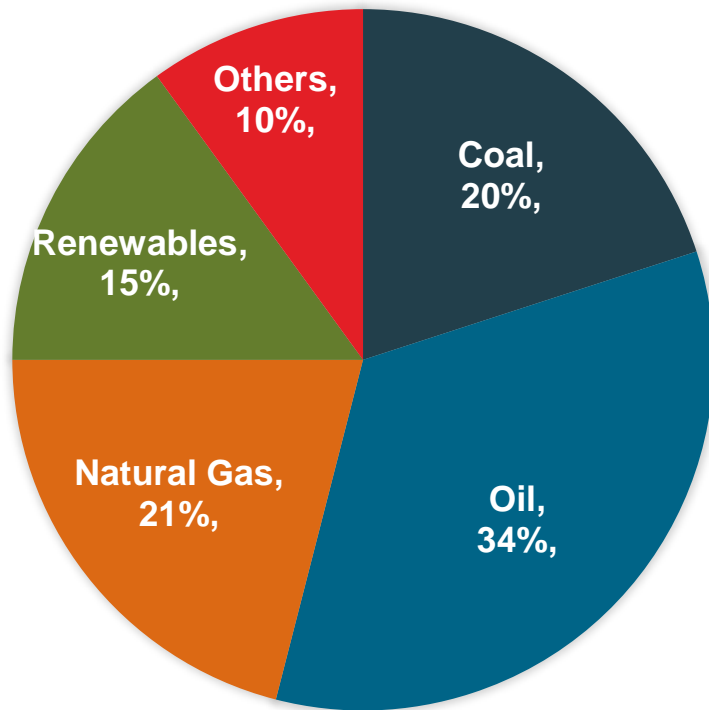
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SOUTHEAST ASIA'S ENERGY MIX



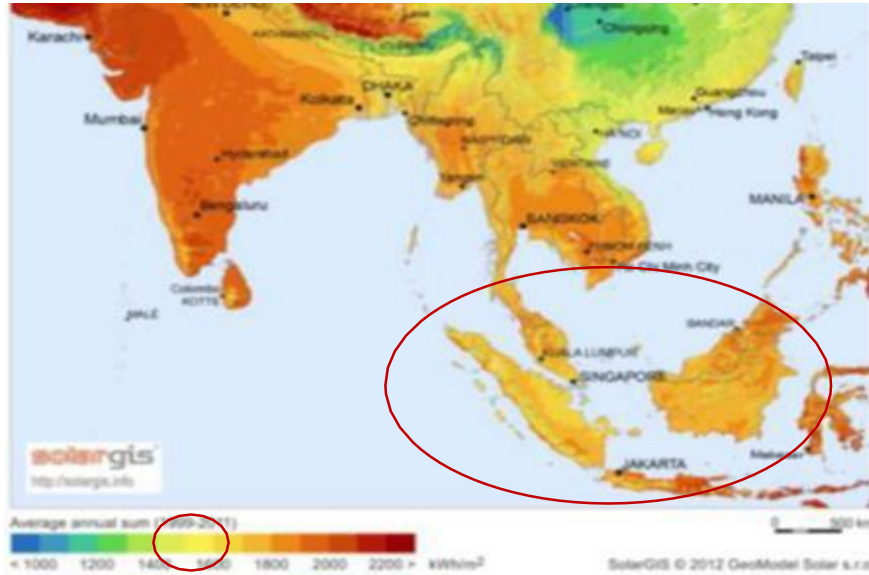
The region is still heavily reliant on oil and coal with both carbon-intensive fuels accounting for more than half of the region's power.

As countries in the region look to reduce emissions, more low-carbon and zero-carbon fuels will need to more prominent parts of the mix.

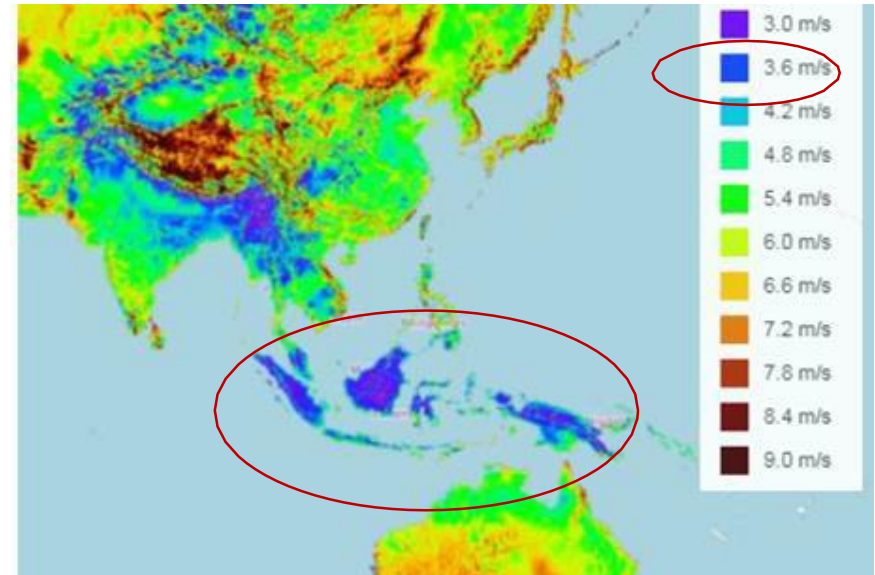
Source: IEA Southeast Asia Energy Outlook 2019



Solar Radiation

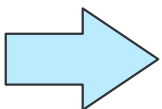


Air volume for Wind turbines



Source: IRENA
Renewable Energy Institute

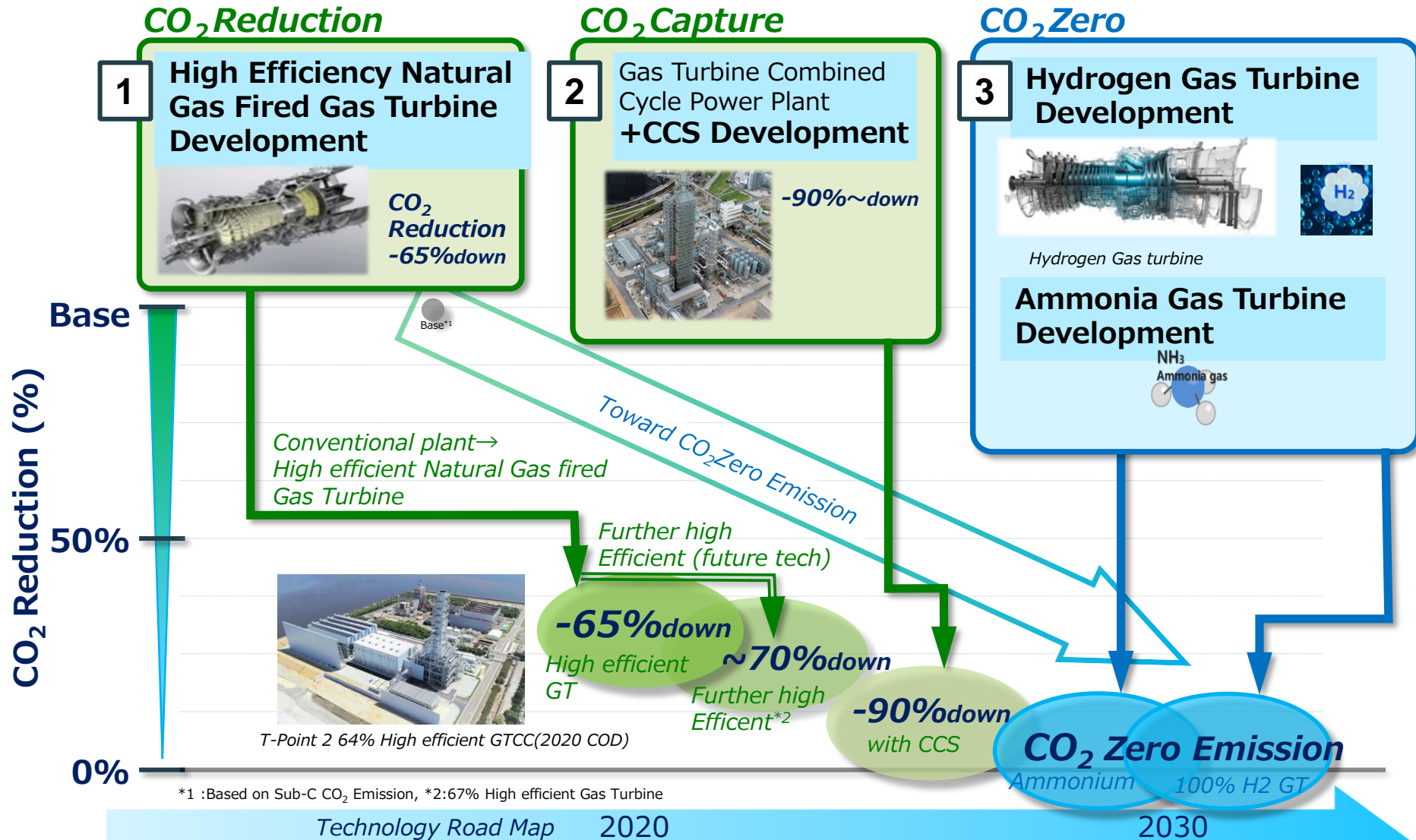
- In Indonesia, Good area for Solar and Wind is limited
- Indonesia produces electricity almost 50% from Coal, 25% from Gas.
- Difficult to expect wide spread of Solar & Wind Power.



Utilization of thermal power is the most important challenge for energy transition in Southeast Asia.

Technological roadmap for decarbonization

Decarbonization will occur in various stages, and technologies must evolve accordingly.



Hydrogen – especially when used in gas turbines – is a potential gamechanger for decarbonizing power generation and in the long run, society at large.

Carbon-free



As it does not contain any carbon in its molecular structure, burning hydrogen as fuel does not produce any carbon emissions.

Path to renewables

Renewables

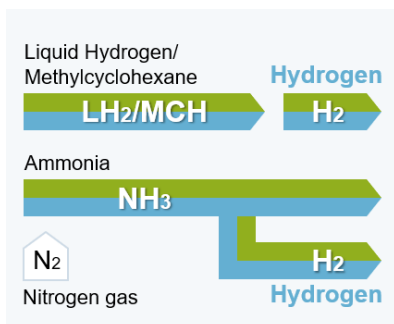


Hydrogen GT



Natural gas can function as a flexible energy source addressing intermittencies with renewables, while hydrogen can be used for long-term energy storage from excess renewables.

Carrier agnostic



Gas turbines can be fueled with hydrogen transported by any type of carrier, thus contributing to significant cost reduction.

Driver of demand



1
Hydrogen
GTCC



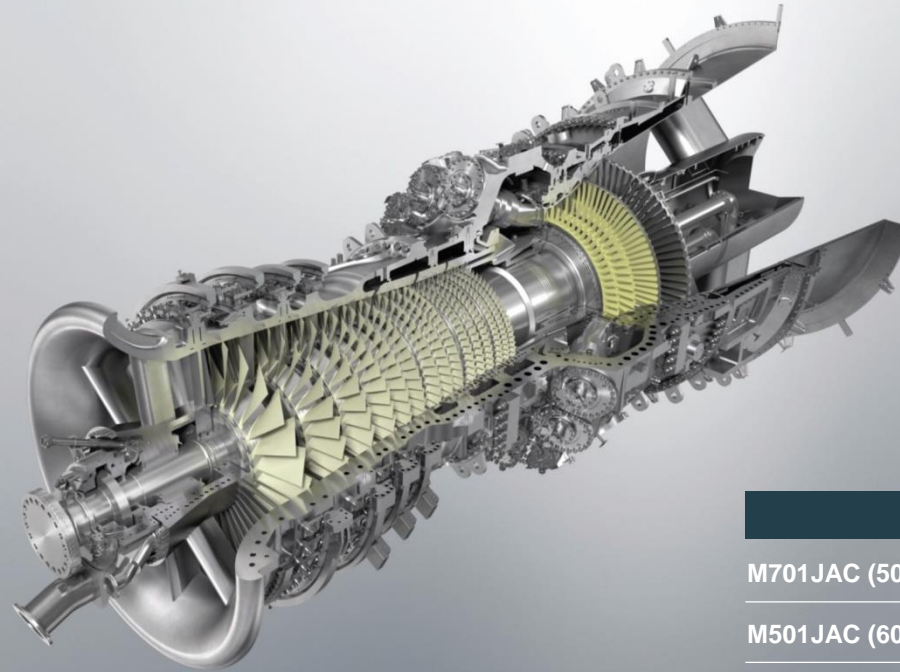
requires the
same amount
of hydrogen
to power as



2,000,000
Fuel cell
vehicles

Increasing demand for hydrogen will drive infrastructure expansion and further cost reduction.

By developing advanced-class gas turbines that can run with this carbon-free molecule, we are contributing to the realization of a hydrogen society.



	GT / CC
M701JAC (50Hz)	563MW / 818MW
M501JAC (60Hz)	425MW / 614MW

Hydrogen Readiness

Apart from natural gas, our advanced-class gas turbines can run with **hydrogen** as a carbon-free fuel.

High Efficiency

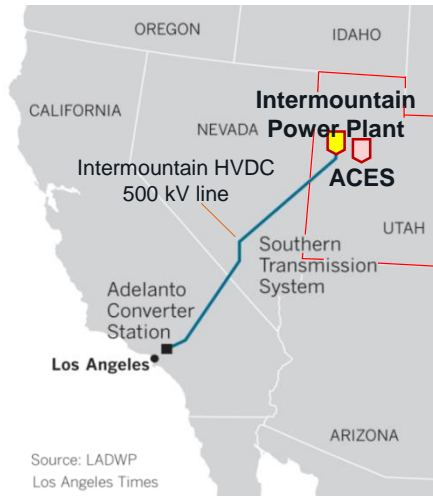
In combined cycle, our JAC gas turbines have achieved **64%** efficiency and can reduce carbon emissions **65%** better than conventional coal-fired power plants.

High Reliability

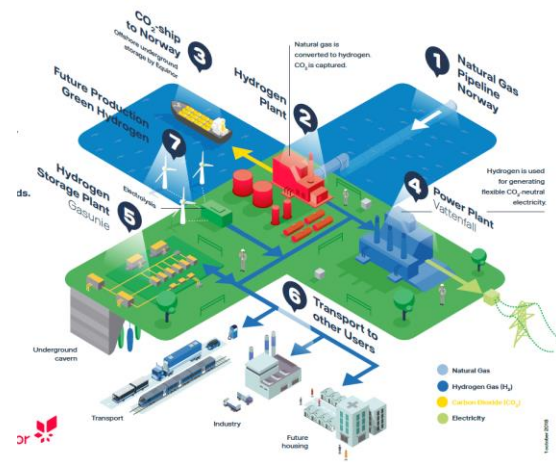
Our global fleet of J-Series gas turbines has accumulated **more than 1 million operating hours** and has achieved **99.5%** reliability.

Mitsubishi Power's key hydrogen projects

Around the world, Mitsubishi Power is working to expand the utilization of hydrogen for decarbonized power generation and energy storage.

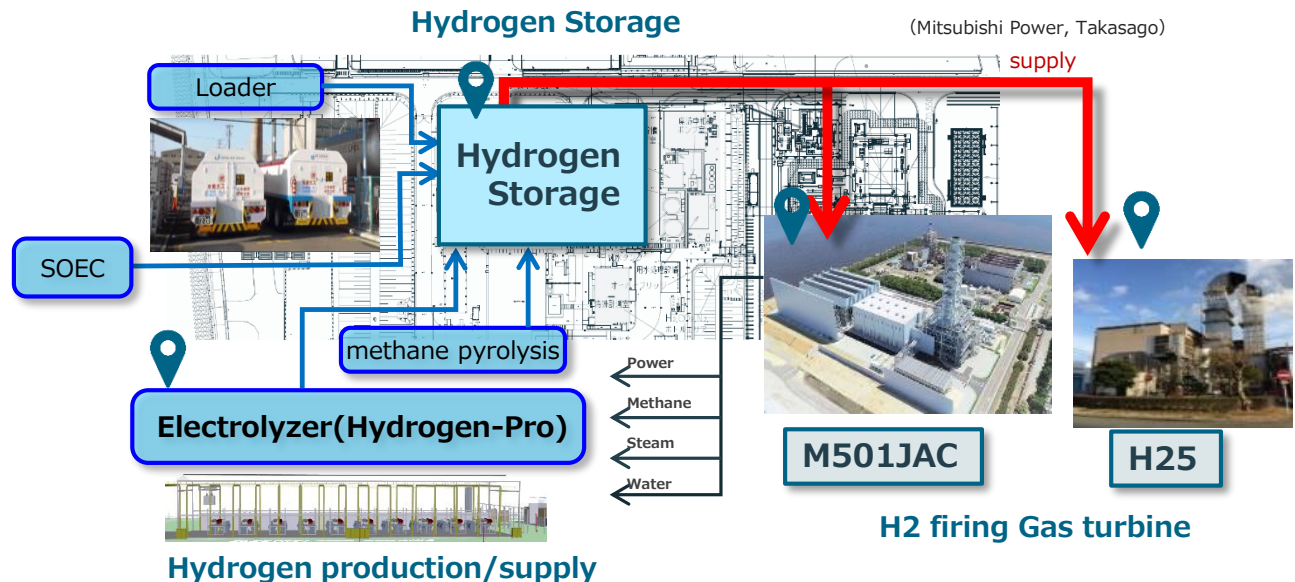


Advanced Clean Energy Storage & Intermountain Power Plant (USA)



Magnum GTCC Power Plant (Netherlands)

Takasago Hydrogen Park (Japan)



Source: LADWP Los Angeles Times

MOVE THE WORLD FORWARD

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INDUSTRIES
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