

Invitation to the International Webinar
“Older People and Covid-19 in Indonesia: Early Analysis of SILANI
Phone Survey”

The number of older people aged 60 years and above in Indonesia has reached around 23 million people or 9.4% of the total population in 2019. The older people in Indonesia face limitations ranging from health problems to poverty. Although most Indonesian older persons still actively work, a small proportion of them has experienced decreased intrinsic capacity and functional capabilities impacting their physical, mental, and cognitive abilities. Older people with these limitations, as well as those who suffer from chronic diseases that disrupt the function of daily living (ADL) and instrumental activity daily living (IADL), are unable to carry out daily activities independently and need long-term care (LTC).

The Government of Indonesia, through various Ministries, has initiated older people service programs, including the LTC program. However, the implementations are still uncoordinated. The service coverage is also still limited in terms of both quantity and quality. Based on the Sistem Informasi Lansia (Older People Information System - SILANI) pilot initiated by the Ministry of National Development Planning of the Republic of Indonesia (Bappenas) in 3 provinces, DKI Jakarta, Bali, and Yogyakarta in 2019, around 10 percent of the older people experienced various limitations in carrying out daily activities and required LTC. In addition, about 80 percent of the older people who needed LTC received care from their family members, while the remaining 10 percent did not have caregivers.

The pandemic of Covid-19 has created significant impacts on older people in Indonesia. The physical and social restriction policy prevents older people from meeting friends, relatives, and their immediate family. To maintain their quality of life, older people need social and health services, as well as close connections to family and friends. The isolation, fear of getting infected, and economic insecurity may affect older people's well-being.

Using SILANI, ERIA and Bappenas conduct a two-wave phone survey to investigate the impact of Covid-19 on the situation of older people. The survey covered 3,500 older people in the SILANI regions.

Regarding that, and also to commemorate the International Day for Older Persons, Economic Research Institute for ASEAN and East Asia (ERIA), in collaboration with Bappenas, will conduct an International Webinar event on “Older People and Covid-19 in Indonesia: Early Analysis of SILANI Phone Survey”, which will be held on:

Date : Wednesday, October 7th 2020

Time : 01:00 – 3:30 PM (GMT +7, Jakarta Time)

Registration Link: <http://bit.ly/webinarlansiaseries2>

(You will receive confirmation email from Zoom containing meeting/webinar ID, password and join link after registration)

International Webinar on “Older People and Covid-19 in Indonesia: Early Analysis of SILANI Phone Survey” is conducted to disseminate and discuss the survey results, especially focusing on older people's mental health and access to social assistance during the pandemic. The webinar will also cover a conversation on policy considerations to mitigate the situation.

We are looking forward to having you at the webinar. Thank you for your attention.

Time	Program	Speaker/PIC
01.00 – 01.15	Opening remarks	Dr. Kirana Pritasari, MQIH., Directorate General of Community Health, Ministry of Health
01.15 – 02.00	<p>Older People and Covid-19 in Indonesia: Early Analysis of SILANI Phone Survey</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The COVID-19 impacts on older people in Japan 2. COVID-19 and the Mental Health Status of Older People in Indonesia 3. Social Assistance during COVID-19: Does It Reach the Older Population? 	<p>Dr. Reiko Hayashi, Deputy Director-General, National Institute of Population and Social Security Research</p> <p>Dr. Maliki, Director of Poverty Reduction and Community Empowerment, Bappenas</p> <p>Dr. Firman Witoelar, Australian National University</p>
02.00 – 03.00	<p>Discussion session:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Prof. Sri Moertiningsih Adioetomo, Demographic Institute, University of Indonesia 2. Eva Sabdono, MBA., Yayasan Emong Lansia 3. Adelina Comas-Herrera, M.Sc., Care Policy and Evaluation Centre, London School of Economics 	<p>Moderator: Dr. Reiko Hayashi, Deputy Director-General, National Institute of Population and Social Security Research</p>
03.00 – 03.15	Closing remarks	Dr. Pungkas Bajuhri Ali, Director of Health and Community Nutrition, Bappenas